

Compatibility Test Suite (CTS)

User Manual

Open Handset Alliance

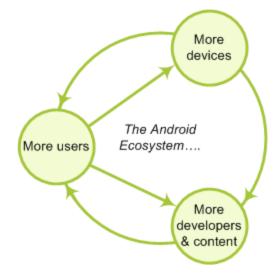
revision 8

Contents

- 1. Why build compatible Android devices?
- 2. How can I become compatible?
 - 2.1. Comply with Android Compatibility Definition document
 - 2.2. Pass the Compatibility Test Suite (CTS)
- 3. Running the automated CTS
 - 3.1. Setting up your host machine
 - 3.2. Storage requirements
 - 3.3. Setting up your device
 - 3.4. Copying media files to the device
 - 3.5. Using the CTS
 - 3.6. Selecting CTS plans
- 4. Interpreting the test results
- 5. CTS Verifier instructions
 - 5.1. Test Preparation
 - 5.1.1. Hardware requirements
 - 5.1.2. Setup
 - 5.2. CTS test procedure
 - 5.3. Specific test requirements
 - 5.3.1. USB Accessory
 - 5.3.2. Camera field of view calibration
 - 5.4. Exporting test reports
- 6. Release notes

7. Appendix: CTS Console command reference

1. Why build compatible Android devices?



Users want a customizable device.

A mobile phone is a highly personal, always-on, always-present gateway to the Internet. We haven't met a user yet who didn't want to customize it by extending its functionality. That's why Android was designed as a robust platform for running after-market applications.

Developers outnumber us all.

No device manufacturer can hope to write all the software that a person could conceivably need. We need third-party developers to write the apps users want, so the Android Open Source Project aims to make it as easy and open as possible for developers to build apps.

Everyone needs a common ecosystem.

Every line of code developers write to work around a particular phone's bug is a line of code that didn't add a new feature. The more compatible phones there are, the more apps there will be. By building a fully compatible Android device, you benefit from the huge pool of apps written for Android, while increasing the incentive for developers to build more of those apps.

Android compatibility is free, and it's easy.

See the Android Compatibility program introduction for more information:

http://source.android.com/compatibility/index.html

2. How can I become compatible?

2.1. Comply with Android Compatibility Definition document

To start, read the Android Compatibility overview, which describes the goals and components of the program: <u>http://source.android.com/compatibility/overview.html</u>

Then review the Android Compatibility Definition Document (CDD) for the requirements of and policies associated with compatible devices: <u>http://source.android.com/compatibility/android-cdd.pdf</u>

The CDD's role is to codify and clarify specific requirements, and eliminate ambiguity. The CDD does not attempt to be comprehensive. Since Android is a single corpus of open-source code, the code itself is the comprehensive "specification" of the platform and its APIs.

2.2. Pass the Compatibility Test Suite (CTS)

The Android Compatibility Test Suite (CTS) is a downloadable open-source testing harness you can use as you develop your handset; for example, you could use the CTS to do continuous self-testing during your development work.

For more about the CTS and the compatibility report that it generates, see the Compatibility Test Suite introduction: http://source.android.com/compatibility/cts-intro.html

For the latest instructions on using the CTS, visit the following link: <u>http://source.android.com/compatibility/android-cts-manual.pdf</u>

3. Running the automated CTS

3.1. Setting up your host machine

Note: the steps to configure and run CTS have changed in the 4.0 release.

Before running CTS, make sure you have a recent version of Android Debug Bridge (adb) installed and the 'adb' location added to the system path of your machine.

To install adb, download Android SDK tools , and set up an existing IDE: <u>http://developer.android.com/sdk/index.html#ExistingIDE</u> <u>http://developer.android.com/sdk/installing/index.html</u>

Ensure 'adb' is in your system path:

```
export
PATH=$PATH:/home/myuser/android-sdk-linux_x86/platform-too
ls
```

3.2. Storage requirements

The CTS media stress tests require video clips to be on external storage (/sdcard). Most of the clips are from Big Buck Bunny which is copyrighted by the Blender Foundation (<u>http://www.bigbuckbunny.org</u>) under the Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 license:

http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/

The required space depends on the maximum video playback resolution supported by the device. By default, 176x144 and 480x360 SHOULD be supported. Note that the video playback capabilities of the device under test will be checked via the android.media.CamcorderProfile APIs.

Here are the storage requirements by maximum video playback resolution:

- 480x360: 91.4MB
- 720x480: 151.9MB
- 1280x720: 401.6MB
- 1920x1080: 1008.2MB

3.3. Setting up your device

CTS should be executed on consumer (user build) devices only.

This section is important as not following these instructions will lead to test timeouts and other failures:

- 1. Your device should be running a **user build (Android 4.0 and later)** from source.android.com.
- Set up your device per the Using Hardware Devices instructions on the Android developer site: http://developer.android.com/tools/device.html
- 3. Make sure your device has been flashed with a user build before you run CTS.
- 4. If the device has a memory card slot, make sure the device has an SD card plugged in and the card is empty. *Warning: CTS may modify/erase data on the SD card plugged in to the device.*

Tip: It is recommended you use an SD card that supports Ultra High Speed (UHS) Bus with SDHC or SDXC capacity or one with at least speed class 10 or higher to ensure it can pass the CTS.

- 5. Do a factory data reset on the device (Settings > Storage > Factory data reset). *Warning: This will erase all user data from the device.*
- 6. Make sure your device is set up with English (United States) as the language (Settings > Language & input > Language).
- 7. Ensure the device has the Location setting On.
- 8. Make sure the device is connected to a functioning Wi-Fi network (Settings > Wi-Fi) that supports IPv6.
 Tip: If you don't have access to a native IPv6 network, an IPv6 carrier network or a VPN to pass this test though, you may instead use a Wi-Fi access point and an IPv6 tunnel. See this page for a list of IPv6 tunnel brokers: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_IPv6_tunnel_brokers
- Make sure no lock pattern is set on the device (Settings > Security > Screen Lock = 'None').
- 10. Make sure the "USB Debugging" development option is checked (Settings > Developer options > USB debugging).
- 11. Connect the host machine that will be used to test the device, and "Allow USB debugging" for the computer's RSA key fingerprint.

- 12. Make sure Settings > Developer options > Stay Awake is checked.
- 13. Make sure Settings > Developer options > Allow mock locations is checked.
- 14. For CTS versions 2.1 R2 through 4.2 R4, set up your device (or emulator) to run the accessibility tests:

```
adb install -r
android-cts/repository/testcases/CtsDelegatingAccessibilit
yService.apk
On the device, enable Settings > Accessibility > Accessibility > Delegating
Accessibility Service
```

15. For CTS 2.3 R4 and beyond, set up your device to run the device administration tests:

```
adb install -r
android-cts/repository/testcases/CtsDeviceAdmin.apk
On the device, enable the two
android.deviceadmin.cts.CtsDeviceAdminReceiver* device administrators under
Settings > Location & security > Select device administrators
```

Note: Make sure the

android.deviceadmin.cts.CtsDeviceAdminDeactivatedReceiver stays disabled in the same menu.

- 16. For CTS 2.3 R12 and beyond, the CTS media files must be copied to the device's external storage. (See section 3.4 for details.)
- 17. Make sure the device is at the home screen at the start of CTS (by pressing the home button).
- 18. While a device is running tests, it must not be used for any other tasks and must be kept in a stationary position (to avoid triggering sensor activity).
- 19. Do not press any keys on the device while CTS is running. Pressing keys or touching the screen of a test device will interfere with the running tests and may lead to test failures.
- 20. Launch the browser and dismiss any startup/setup screen.

3.4. Copying media files to the device

Follow these instructions to copy the media files to a device:

- 1. Download the android-cts-media-X.Y.zip file from <u>http://source.android.com/compatibility/downloads.html</u> and unzip it.
- 2. Connect the device to the computer and check that adb can connect to it.
- 3. Navigate (cd) to the unzipped folder.
- 4. Use 'chmod' to change the file permissions like so:

```
chmod 544 copy_media.sh
```

- 5. Run copy media.sh like so:
 - To copy clips for just the default resolutions, run: ./copy_media.sh
 - To copy clips up to a resolution of 720x480, run: ./copy_media.sh 720x480
 - If you are not sure about the maximum resolution, try 1920x1080 so that all files are copied.
 - If there are multiple devices under adb, add the -s (serial) option to the end. For example, to copy up to 720x480 to the device with serial 1234567, run: ./copy_media.sh 720x480 -s 1234567

3.5. Using the CTS

To run a test plan:

- 1. Connect at least one device.
- 2. Launch the CTS console by running the *cts-tradefed* script from the folder where the CTS package has been unzipped, e.g.

```
$ ./android-cts/tools/cts-tradefed
```

3. You may start the default test plan (containing all of the test packages) by appending:

```
run cts --plan CTS
```

This will kick off all the CTS tests required for compatibility.

Enter list plans to see a list of test plans in the repository.

Enter list packages to see a list of test packages in the repository.

See the CTS command reference or type help for a complete list of supported commands.

4. Alternately, you may run the CTS plan of your choosing from the command line using:

cts-tradefed run cts --plan <plan_name>

5. View test progress and results reported on the console.

3.6. Selecting CTS plans

For this release the following test plans are available:

1. *CTS* - all tests and will run ~18,000 tests on your device. These tests are required for compatibility. At this point performance tests are not part of this plan (this will change for future CTS releases).

- 2. Signature the signature verification of all public APIs
- 3. *Android* tests for the android APIs
- 4. Java tests for the Java core library
- 5. VM tests for the Dalvik virtual machine
- 6. *Performance* performance tests for your implementation.

These can be executed with the run cts command as mentioned earlier.

4. Interpreting the test results

The test results are placed in the file:

```
$CTS ROOT/android-cts/repository/results/<start time>.zip
```

Inside the zip, the testResult.xml file contains the actual results -- open this file in any web browser (HTML5 compatible browser recommended) to view the test results. It will resemble the following screenshots.

Compatibility program Test Report for dream - HT851LZ01986

Device Information		Test Summary	
Device Make	dream		
Build model	HT851LZ01986		
Firmware Version	1.5		
Firmware Build Number	CUPCAKE	Plan name	CTS
Android Platform Version	3	Start time	Wed Feb 11 15:20:53 PST 2009
Supported Locales	en_US;es;en_US;zz_ZZ;en;	End time	Wed Feb 11 15:49:49 PST 2009
Screen size	320x480	Version	1.0
Phone number	null		
x dpi	180.62193		
y dpi	181.96814	Tests Passed	1448
Touch	finger	Tests Failed	40
Navigation	trackball	Tests Timed out	1
Keypad	qwerty	Tests Not Executed	0
Network			
IMEI	351676030149928		
IMSI	null		

Test Summary by Package

Test Package	Tests Passed
android.tests.sigtest	1/1
android.app	32 / 35
android.content	163 / 167
android.database	18 / 18
android.graphics	489 / 499
android.location	19 / 19
android.net	29 / 30
android.os	75 / 75
android.provider	10 / 10
android.text	147 / 150
android util	32/32

The 'device information' section provides details about the device and the firmware (make, model, firmware build, platform) and the hardware on the device (screen resolution, keypad, screen type).

The details of the executed test plan are present in the *'test summary'* section which provides the CTS plan name and execution start and end times. It also presents an aggregate summary of the number of tests that passed, failed, time out or could not be executed.

The next section also provides a summary of tests passed per package.

Compatibility Test Package: android.widget

Test	Result	Failure Details
Suite: android.widget.cts.		
- AbsSeekBarTest		
testConstructor	pass	
testAccessThumbOffset	pass	
testSetThumb	pass	
testOnTouchEvent	pass	
testDrawableStateChanged	pass	
testOnDraw	pass	
testOnMeasure	pass	
testVerifyDrawable	fail	junit.framework.AssertionFailedError at android.widget.cts.AbsSeekBarTest.testVerifyDrawable(AbsSeekBarTest.java:327)
testOnSizeChanged	pass	
testAndroidTestCaseSetupProperly	pass	
- ButtonTest		
testConstructor	pass	
testAndroidTestCaseSetupProperly	pass	
- ChronometerTest		
testConstructor	pass	
testAccessBase	pass	
testAccessFormat	pass	
testOnDetachedFromWindow	pass	
testOnWindowVisibilityChanged	pass	
testStartAndStop	pass	
- CompoundButtonTest		
testConstructor	pass	
testAccessChecked	pass	
testSetOnCheckedChangeListener	pass	
testToggle	pass	
testPerformClick	pass	
testDrawableStateChanged	pass	
testSetButtonDrawableByDrawable	pass	
testSetButtonDrawableById	pass	
testOnCreateDrawableState	pass	
testOnDraw	pass	
testAccessInstanceState	nace	

This is followed by details of the the actual tests that were executed. The report lists the test package, test suite, test case and the executed tests. It shows the result of the test execution - pass, fail, timed out or not executed. In the event of a test failure details are provided to help diagnose the cause.

Further, the stack trace of the failure is available in the XML file but is not included in

the report to ensure brevity - viewing the XML file with a text editor should provide details of the test failure (search for the *<Test>* tag corresponding to the failed test and look within it for the *<StackTrace>* tag).

5. CTS Verifier instructions

The Android Compatibility Test Suite Verifier (CTS Verifier) is a supplement to the Compatibility Test Suite (CTS). While CTS checks those APIs and functions that can be automated, CTS Verifier provides tests for those APIs and functions that cannot be tested on a stationary device without manual input (e.g. audio quality, touchscreen, accelerometer, camera, etc).

5.1. Test Preparation

The device must have verified Android API compatibility by successfully passing the Compatibility Test Suite.

5.1.1. Hardware requirements

- A Linux computer with USB 2.0 compatible port
- A second Android device with a known compatible Bluetooth, Wi-Fi direct and NFC Host Card Emulation (HCE)\ implementation

5.1.2. Setup

- Install the Android SDK on the Linux computer: <u>http://developer.android.com/sdk/index.html</u>
- Download the appropriate CTS Verifier.apk for the version of Android under test:

http://source.android.com/compatibility/downloads.html

• Install CTS Verifier.apk to the *Device Under Test* (DUT).

adb install -r CTS Verifier.apk

• Ensure that the device has its system data and time set correctly.

5.2. CTS test procedure

• After the CTS Verifier.apk has been installed, launch the CTS Verifier application:



• Once opened, the CTS Verifier displays a list of all test sets available for manual verification:

	*	()	10:33
式 CTS Verifier 4.4_r1		Ø	
CAMERA			
Camera FOV Calibration			
Camera Formats			
Camera Intents			
Camera Orientation			
CLOCK			
Alarms and Timers Tests			
DEVICE ADMINISTRATION			
Policy Serialization Test			
Screen Lock Test			
FEATURES			
Hardware/Software Feature	Sur	nmary	
Ú Ú			

- Each test contains a set of common elements (in some tests, Pass/Fail is determined automatically):
 - Info a set of instructions to run the test. This will appear as a popup the first time each test is opened or whenever the 'Info' button is pressed.
 - Pass If the DUT meets the test requirements per the instructions from 'Info', then select the Pass button.
 - Fail If the DUT does not meet the test requirements per the instructions from 'Info', then select the Fail button.

Audio Quality Verifier					
Sound level check					
Bias measurement					
Overflow check					
Gain linearity test					
Spectrum shape test -					
Glitch test -					
Glitch test (7)					
Cold recording latency -					
Warm recording latency -					
Calibrate Run All	Stop Re	sults	Clear		
✓ Pass ::	? Info		🚺 Fail		
		÷ 2:	Ч7	7	

5.3. Specific test requirements

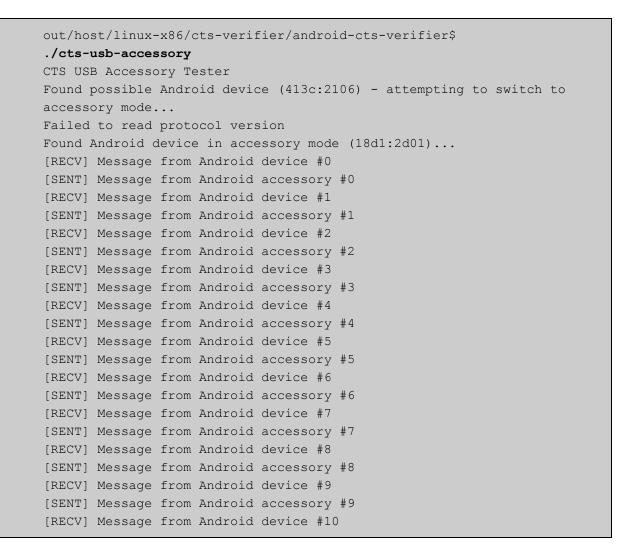
5.3.1. USB Accessory

In order to run the USB Accessory test, a Linux computer will be needed in order to run the USB host program.

- Connect the DUT to a computer
- Execute the cts-usb-accessory program on the computer found in the CTS Verifier package.
- A popup message will appear on the DUT. Select 'OK' and go into the USB Accessory Test in the CTS Verifier application.

Screen Lock Test				
Features				
На	CTS Verifier			
Har US	Open CTS Verifier when this USB accessory is connected?			
Net	Use by default for this USB accessory			
BΙι	ОК	Cancel		
Security				
SUID File Scanner				

• Console output similar to below will appear on the computer's console.



[SENT] Message from Android accessory #10

5.3.2. Camera field of view calibration

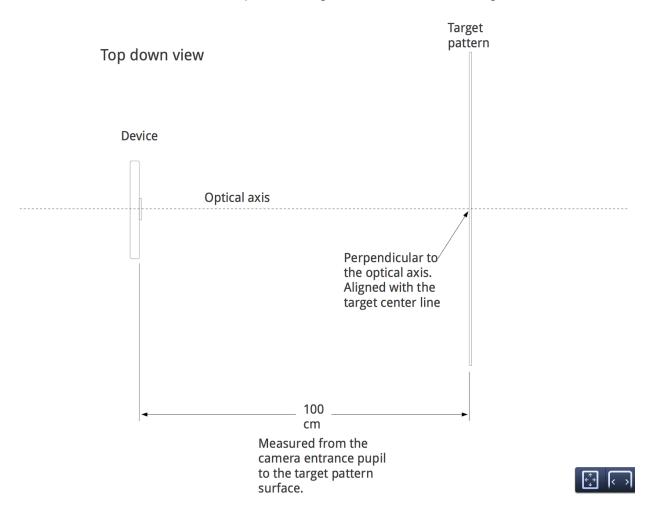
This field of view calibration procedure is designed to be a quick way to determine the device field of view with moderate accuracy.

Setup

Print the calibration-pattern.pdf target file and mount it on a rigid backing (Print on 11" x 17" or A3):

http://source.android.com/compatibility/calibration-pattern.pdf

Orient the camera device and the printed target as shown in the diagram below:



Setting the target width

Measure the distance between the solid lines on the target pattern in centimeters to account for printing inaccuracies (~38 cm).

- 1. Start the calibration application.
- 2. Hit the setup button and select "Marker distance" to enter the distance.
- 3. Measure and enter the distance to the target pattern (~100 cm).
- 4. Hit the back button to return to the calibration preview.

Calibration process

Verify that the device and target are placed as shown in the figure and the correct distances have been entered into the setup dialog.

The preview will display the image with a vertical line overlaid onto it. This line should align with the center line of the target pattern. The transparent grid can be used with the other vertical lines to ensure that the optical axis is orthogonal to the target.

- Select an image resolution to test from the selector at the bottom left.
- Tap the screen to take a photo and enter the calibration mode (described below).
- Hit the back button and repeat for all supported image resolutions.

Calibration test (per resolution)

In the calibration mode, the photo will be displayed with two vertical lines overlaid onto the image.

These lines should align with the vertical lines on the target pattern within a few pixels. If they do not, then the reported field of view for that mode is inaccurate (assuming the setup is correct).

Adjust the slider at the bottom of the screen until the overlay aligns with the target pattern as closely as possible. The displayed field of view will be a close approximation to the correct value when the overlay and the target pattern image are aligned. The reported field of view should be within +/-1 degree of the calibration value.

5.4. Exporting test reports

• After all tests are completed, tap the MENU button from the CTS Verifier home

screen, and select "Export".



• A path to the saved report will be displayed in pop-up (e.g. /mnt/sdcard/ctsVerifierReports/ctsVerifierReport-date-tim e.zip). Record the path. *Future releases of CTS Verifier will support reporting directly from the device.*

CTS Verifier	
Audio	
Audio Quality Verifier	\checkmark
Device Administration	
Policy Serialization Test	
Screen Lock Test	\checkmark
Features	
C Report saved to: /mnt/sdcard/ctsVerifierReports/ ctsVerifierReport-2011-08-17-14:53:23.zip	
A	3 🔻

- Connect the device via USB to a computer with the SDK installed.
- From the computer's SDK installation, run adb pull <CTS Verifier report path> to download the report from the device.
 - To download all reports run : adb pull /mnt/sdcard/ctsVerifierReports/ .
 - The name of the reports are time-stamped based on the DUT's system time.
- To clear results after they have been selected, select Menu -> Clear. This will

clear the Pass/Fail results.

6. Release notes

- Note the CTS test harness has changed significantly in the Android 4.0 release. Some new features have been added included support for sharding a CTS test run onto multiple concurrent devices, as well as general faster performance.
- This CTS release contains approximately 18,000 tests that you can execute on the device.
- Please make sure all steps in section 3.3 "Setting up your device" have been followed before you kick off CTS. Not following these instructions may cause tests to timeout or fail.

7. Appendix: CTS Console command reference

Host	
help	Display a summary of the most commonly used commands.
help all	display the complete list of available commands
exit	Gracefully exit the CTS console. Console will close when all currently running tests are finished
Run	
run cts	Run the specified tests and displays progress information. One ofplan, package,class or continue-session-id needs to be specified.

The CTS console can accept other commands while tests are in progress.

If no devices are connected, the CTS host will wait for a device to be connected before starting tests.

If more than one device is connected, CTS host will choose a device automatically.

-- package/-p <test_package_name> Run the specified test plan [--package/-p <test_package2>...] Runs the specified test packages. --class/-c <class_name> [--method/-m <test_method_name> Runs the specified test class and/or --continue-session-id method Runs all not executed tests from previous CTS session. The sessions --shards <number_of_shards> testResult.xml will be updated with the new results. --serial/-s <deviceID> Shard a CTS run into given number of independent chunks, to run on multiple devices in parallel.

--plan <test_plan_name>

Run CTS on the specific device

List	
list packages	List all available test packages in the repository.
list plans	Lists all available test plans in the repository
list invocations	Lists 'run' commands currently being

	executed on devices.
list commands	List all 'run' commands currently in the queue waiting to be assigned to devices
list results	List CTS results currently stored in repository
list devices	List currently connected devices and their state.
	'Available' devices are functioning, idle devices, available for running tests.
	'Unavailable' devices are devices visible via adb, but are not responding to adb commands and won't be allocated for tests.
	'Allocated' devices are devices currently running tests.
Add	
add derivedplanplan <plan_name> result/-r [pass fail timeout notExecuted] [session/-s <session_id>]</session_id></plan_name>	Create a plan derived from given result session.